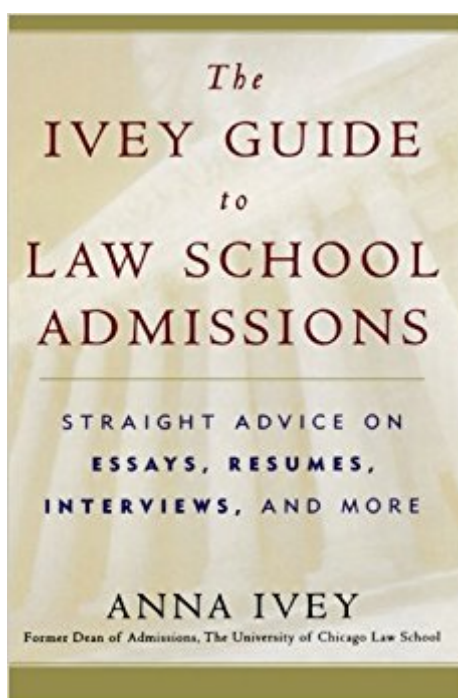


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The Ivey Guide To Law School Admissions: Straight Advice On Essays, Resumes, Interviews, And More



Synopsis

As dean of admissions at the University of Chicago Law School, Anna Ivey decided the fate of thousands of law school applicants. In this book—the first of its kind by a former law school admissions officer—she draws on her expertise to cover topics from the application and the essay to the interview and the recommendations, touching on hot-button issues like how much the LSAT, ethnicity, and age really matter. Offering an insider’s advice on how to produce the very best application, this guide gives straight answers to questions such as: “What kind of essay should I write to set me apart from the rest of the pack?” “Should I explain my low LSAT score, my D in chemistry, my attention deficit disorder, my time in rehab?” “Is law school worth the debt I’ll face when I graduate?” Full of invaluable examples and anecdotes about real admissions decisions, *The Ivey Guide to Law School Admissions* is certain to become the new bible for would-be law students everywhere.

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Customer Reviews

ANNA IVEY earned her law degree at the University of Chicago Law School, where she later served as dean of admissions. Ivey now runs a successful admissions counseling firm for college, business school, and law school applicants, helping clients make the most compelling sales pitch for admission. She divides her time between Boston, Massachusetts, and New Orleans, Louisiana.

CHAPTER 1 Straight Answers: Getting Inside the Head of an Admissions Officer All law school

admissions officers face a dilemma. There are certain things they wish they could tell applicants because it would make their own lives so much easier, but they can't say, "In all honesty, we only spend about five minutes on each file, so you'd better cut to the chase," or, "Please, for the love of god, don't make me read another essay about endangered guppies." And they certainly can't say, "Don't bother applying with a 160 LSAT...unless you're a minority and then we'll throw in a scholarship." No one will risk getting fired or sued over that, not to mention the PR disaster that would ensue. So they grumble to themselves, prop open their eyelids with matchsticks, and keep reading thousands upon thousands of essays about endangered guppies, year in and year out. How do I know this? Because that was my daily life when I was dean of admissions at the University of Chicago Law School. I denied so many applicants while thinking, "If only they knew!" Picture this, a typical day for me as an admissions officer (and for just about every other admissions officer): I'm surrounded by hundreds of files stacked on every flat surface in my office. I have, on average, five minutes to read each one and make a decision on its fate. I've already worked my way through more than a thousand files this month, and I've read more than thirty today. I crack open the next one on top of the pile, a file belonging to a woman named Sarah. I scan her application form, her LSAT scores, and her college transcript in less than a minute and conclude that her GPA is just below our GPA median, and that her LSAT score is just above our LSAT median. As dean of admissions, I could easily write an "A" for accept or a "D" for deny at the top of Sarah's file based on this hard data alone, so the fate of her application depends entirely on the remaining four minutes I spend scanning the "soft stuff" of her application: her essay, her recommendations, her résumé, and her addendum. Four minutes, maybe less. That's it. Most applicants go horribly wrong here-not because the soft stuff of their files suggests that they can't handle law school or reveals them to be arrogant jerks (although that happens, too, from time to time). They go wrong because they have failed to persuade me that I should choose them over thousands of other applicants with acceptable numbers who I know could succeed at my law school. Sarah fails because she didn't wow me, and I'm sure she had no idea how to wow me. This book shows you how to wow an admissions officer. I've written this book to say all the things that I could never say when I was an admissions officer, even though I really wanted to. But I've also written this book because it's the kind of book I wish I'd had when I was applying to law school. I've been in your shoes. I remember how heady it felt to decide that I was going to apply to law school. With visions of Law & Order dancing in my head, I wanted to shoot for the top, for that all-purpose degree that would offer me the greatest career flexibility and the best financial safety net. I remember how mind-numbingly boring it was to complete those practice LSAT tests day in and day out for months

at a time, until I couldn't even go out to dinner with friends without pondering who was going to sit in Seat #2 if Sam won't sit next to a redhead and Julie has to sit across from one of two vegetarians and Seat #4 has to remain empty. I remember that queasy, sleepless night before my LSAT, when I inspected the alarm clock every ten minutes while the hours slipped away. How paralyzed I felt by the range of topics when I sat down to tap out my life story in a two-page essay "on the subject of my choice" that would help the admissions committee "get to know me better." The anxiety of waiting for a response, wondering what was holding things up as I compared notes with other applicants. Law school invaded every single thought that passed through my head for a good nine months, and, despite my rational judgment, a more primordial part of me took over and let the law school admissions process consume my life. I remember well how daunting the application process was, especially the essays. Did they want me to write about law? I didn't know any yet! Did they want me to prove that I was a genius at logic and rhetoric? Was I supposed to entertain them with my wit and charm? Did they want me to prove that I was applying out of pure motives-for the public good!-and that I wasn't some moneygrubbing status hound? How was I supposed to know any of this, when I didn't even know what kind of people would be reading my file, or how they went about selecting their students? The process was a mystery to me. The essays were difficult, but at least I had some control over them. Faculty recommendations, on the other hand, felt completely beyond my control. I had no idea at the time what my professors really thought of me, or if some of them would even recognize me if they passed me on the street. I hadn't actively cultivated any relationships for recommendation purposes, because I hadn't appreciated until I sat down with my applications how important those relationships would be, and by then I was certain there wouldn't be enough time for meaningful schmoozing. I also didn't know the appropriate protocol or the etiquette. I didn't know whether it was kosher to draft the letters myself, as some recommenders had requested, and I didn't know how to deal with the professor who kept saying he'd get around to the letter as months went by and deadlines loomed. The numbers were the biggest mystery to me. Were admissions officers being honest when they insisted that it wasn't just a numbers game? Did my numbers make me a shoo-in? A shoo-out? Were there some schools I shouldn't even be bothering with? How reliable were those LSAT and GPA grids? Would it be a waste of time to continue with my extracurriculars if they were going to bring down my GPA? Should I be loading up on gut classes, or demonstrating my intellectual grit by taking harder classes with lower grade prospects? What classes and activities meant something, and which ones were considered fluff? It's amazing that I was so clueless, considering the fact that I had applied to and been admitted to plenty of fancy-pants schools by the time I sat down to apply to law school. I took my first

standardized admissions test in sixth grade, in order to attend junior high at Boston Latin School; for high school, I attended Phillips Academy Andover, moved on to Columbia College, and spent my junior year at Cambridge University in the UK. Despite all that, the admissions process remained a black box, and off I went to the University of Chicago Law School without any clue as to why these schools had chosen me over my many friends and acquaintances who seemed to have just as much, if not more, to offer. For all I knew, admissions officers just threw darts at a board, and my luck had just been fantastically good. What I didn't know then is that even smart and accomplished people can make stupid (and common) mistakes on their applications. I was lucky in the sense that I avoided some traps without knowing in advance what they were. You shouldn't rely on luck. If you're reading this book, you're already miles ahead of where I was. Of course, some things have changed for applicants since I applied to law school back in the early 1990s. When we waited for our LSAT scores and our admissions decisions, we ran home every day to check our mailboxes-the bricks-and-mortar kind, not our e-mail in-boxes-several times a day. Good exercise, that. But the biggest difference has to be the way the Internet has changed the application experience. When I was applying, there were no discussion boards where applicants trade admissions war stories and statistics, share intelligence, critique each other's strategies, waste time ("My List of the Ten Sexiest Ugly Women on TV!"), and disseminate more rumors and misinformation than Dan Rather on election night. It's way too much for any one person to process, and it's hard to gauge what information is reliable. Applicants may feel empowered by all the opinions and statements of fact floating around out there, but applicants are just as neurotic and misinformed now as when I was applying; some would say more so. What hasn't changed is the black-box aspect of law school admissions. Law school admissions officers can't and don't speak candidly about affirmative action, for example, or what kinds of essays make them want to shoot themselves in the head from boredom. (And I don't blame them for that in either case. I've been there.) Law school students, while helpful resources in other ways, generally know nothing about law school admissions except that they got in. And applicants are even less informed, no matter how easy it is these days to find them and compare notes. I wrote this book to offer applicants straightforward, practical tips from an insider's perspective. I've read thousands of files, conducted hundreds of admissions interviews, and traveled across the country to meet with and counsel hundreds of thousands of prospective applicants at law school forums and pre-law society fairs. More than that, I made the tough choices, the final choices, about who got in and who didn't. The Ivey Guide to Law School Admissions offers you the benefit of that experience. It tells you the truth without sugarcoating, without the law school PR. My admissions counseling clients have the benefit of my one-on-one advice; this book is the

next best alternative. In *The Ivey Guide to Law School Admissions*, applicants will find answers to questions like these:

- o I have an LSAT score of 164. Will that get me into Columbia, my dream school? Is it even worth paying the \$70 to apply?
- o What kinds of essays do they like? Do they want to hear about my work fighting poverty? My backpacking trip through Europe? My parents' divorce? My marathon training? My ...

This review is of the 2010 updated and revised version of the book. Many of the reviews are from 2005, meaning they're reflecting on a somewhat different product than the current one. I don't know if Ivey read these reviews and changed her book accordingly, or if the changes just coincidentally lined up, but many concerns mentioned by previous reviewers (the *Wow Factor* chapter, not acknowledging the importance of LSAT and GPA, etc) have been addressed and do not appear in this edition. I've read both this book and *the Law School Admissions Game* (will be reading Montauk's book soon), and while I agree with others that they're not absolutely necessary, they're all very helpful and having multiple perspectives has been great. I feel like I learn a little something different from each one of them, and reading both books, along with perusing law school discussion forums and reading *Don't Go to Law School (Unless)* have all helped really flesh out my idea of what the law school world looks like. I recommend this book as part of developing that deeper impression. Fair warning: There are sections of this book that are very personalized to specific situations; situations which didn't apply to me at all (basically all of the addendum scenarios). So I ended up skipping pretty much a whole chapter. That said, for me the rest of the book well made up for it, and if you're one of the many people whose experiences would fall under the addendum recommendations, those sections will probably come in extremely handy. One of the areas I was most surprised to gain from was Ivey's advice on making a law school specific resume. I literally had this book open in one window and my resume open in another, and I flipped back and forth between the two fixing my resume according to her advice. I'd read a paragraph, make a change, read another, fix something else, and so on for about an hour. The finished product is much better than the one I started with (and considering the original had already been through about five drafts and read over by my school's Career Services office, that's saying something). Considering the high cost of law school, the scholarships on the line, and the extreme differences in employment outcomes based on which school you get into, this book is a good investment. I wouldn't go so far as to call it necessary, but it's certainly recommended.

This is a good overview of all the "soft factors" in one's application. It reminded me of Strunk and

White's Elements of Style because Ivey structures most chapters as outlines, giving tips in concise, candid prose and illustrating her points with examples (often in "before and after" or "good vs. bad" format). Even though much of her advice could be found in various places online for free, this readable and to-the-point style makes the book worth buying. I'd give the text of the book 4/5 stars. However, I was less impressed with the book as a material product. The binding is cheap and the typography poor. Worst are the sidebars which are not really on the sides because it's a small paperback, instead inserted into the main text which are small, blurry, dark gray text on a dark gray background. These are very difficult to read, and I'm not sure whether to blame a printing error or the publisher's editors and typesetters. I wonder if perhaps they were meant to be in color, and carelessly converted to an illegible grayscale. Also, the drop caps appear pixelated. 2/5 stars. Overall then, I'm happy to have Ivey's advice, but I wish I had bought the Kindle version instead of this shoddy paperback. If you have an ereader, definitely consider the Kindle edition.

This book is incredibly helpful in answering most of your law school application questions. If you are not someone with an outstanding LSAT score and GPA, Ivey offers straightforward advice on how to set yourself apart from the rest of the pack. And if you do have strong numbers, she explains how to polish off the rest of your application to make sure you don't give any law schools a reason to not let you in. She does not sugar coat it either. This is a necessary reality check that should be included on every law school applicant's book list.

This book is fine; I would probably recommend buying it in its print version as opposed to the ebook version. Given that I have never seen the print version, I am guessing that there were some formatting errors incurred in the transfer process. Only other issue, which may be significant depending on your situation, is that the author sometimes goes into too much detail on subjects that could be more concise, and gives too little detail for subjects that I found important, such as addenda (Keep in mind that this was a personal issue for me, and if you are not needing to write addenda for your apps, this may not be a problem in the content for you.).

This book is an invaluable tool for every person applying to law school. I was accepted into 12 of the top 15 law schools. I had a great LSAT score and previous work experience, but honestly it was this book that gave me the confidence to apply to top 10 schools in the first place. This book examines every aspect of the law school admissions process and gives the reader the confidence to approach

top law schools. With this book, I went from a mediocre personal statement awash in platitudes to having a personal statement that gave law school admissions officers a glimpse into the type of individual I really am. I received several handwritten notes on my acceptance letters saying what a great personal statement I had, and it was all thanks to this book. I cannot recommend this book more strongly. I gave away my own copy years ago and have recommended this book to friends, co-workers, and anyone else who asks.

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